

# PSP COVER SHEET (FY2001)

Proposal Title: Meridian Farms Water Company Fish Screen Project Applicant Name: Gordon Rohler, Project Manager Contact Name: Ronald Bachman Mailing Address: USFWS. 2800 Cottage Way, Rm W-2605. Sacramento. CA 95825 Telephone: (916) 414-6543 Fax: (916) 414-6712 Email: Ronald_Bachman@,fws.gov  Amount of funding requested: \$0 from CALFED_						
Amount needed in FY2001 for Final Design and Environmental Documentation: <u>Total estimated \$600k</u>						
State co	ost <u>\$300k (Prop.204)</u>	Fede	ral cost §	3300k(AFSP)_		
	hare partners?  y partners and amount contributed by			No op. 204 (potential). 50% AFSP		
Indicat	te the Topic for which you are applying Natural Flow Regimes Nonnative Invasive Species Channel Dynamics/Sediment Transp Flow Management Shallow Water/Tidal Marsh Habitat Contaminants		eck only  17  □  □	one box).  Beyond the Riparian Corridor Local Watershed Stewardship Environmental Education Special Status Species Surveys Fishery Monitor, Assessmt & Resrch Fish Screens		
What county or counties is the project located in? <u>Sutter County</u> What CALFED ecozone is the project located in? See attached list and indicate number.  Be as specific as possible <u>Sacramento River ecozone</u> . Colusa to Verona (#3.4)						
Indica	te the type of applicant (check only or	ne box	<u>:</u> ):			
	State agency			Federal agency		
	Public/Non-profit joint venture		23	Non-profit		
	Local government/district			Tribes		
	University			Private <b>party</b>		
	Other:					

Indicate the primary species which the proposal addresses (check all that apply):  San Joaquin and East-side Delta tributaries fall-run chinook salmon					
ĮΧΙ	Winter-run chinook salmon	8	Spring-run chinook salmon		
M	Late-fall runchinook salmon	[XI	Fall-run chinook salmon		
	Delta smelt		Longfin smelt		
Ø	Sacramento splittail	$\boxtimes$	Steelhead trout		
Ø	Green Sturgeon	8	Stripedbass		
8	White Sturgeon		All chinook species		
	Waterfowl and Shorebirds		All anadromous salmonids		
	Migratory birds Other listed T/E species:	⊠	American shad		
Indica	ate the type of project (check only one box)	) <b>:</b>			
□ ,	Research/Monitoring		Watershed Planning		
	Pilot/Demo Project		Education		
20	Full-scale Implementation				
Is <i>this</i> a next-phase of an ongoing project? Have you received funding from CALFED before?			Yes <u>X</u> No <u>—</u> Yes <u>—</u> No <u>X</u>		
If yes,	list project title and CALFED number				
Have you received funding from CVPIA before?			Yes _X_ No		
If yes, list CVPIA program providing funding, project title and CVPIA number (if applicable): Anadromous Fish Screen Program [(3406)(b)(21)], Meridian Farms Water Company. Grant # 99-FG-20-0251.					
<ul> <li>By signing below, the applicant declares the following:         <ul> <li>The truthfulness of all representations in their proposal;</li> <li>The individual signing the form is entitled to submit the application on behalf of the applicant (if the applicant is an entity or organization); and</li> <li>The person submitting the application has read and understand the conflict of interest and confidentiality discussion in the PSP (Section 2.4) and waives any and all rights to privacy and confidentiality of the proposal on behalf of the applicant, to the extent as provided in the Section.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
Gordon Rohler					
Printed name of applicant					
Signature of applicant					
Signature of applicant					

## **B. Executive Summary**

#### **Project Title and Applicant Name:**

Meridian Farms Water Company Fish Screen Project Meridian Farms Water Company Gordon Rohler, Project Manager P.O. Box 308 Meridian, California 95957

Phone: (916) 696-2456

#### Proiect Description and Primary Biological/Ecological Objectives:

Meridian Farms Water Company currently uses three unscreened diversion points on the Sacramento River (RM 134.2, 128.5, and 125.8) with diversion capacities of 100, 40, and 50 cubic feet per second (cfs). A feasibility study is anticipated to be completed by September 30th, 2000, that will evaluate alternatives for consolidating the three diversions using one fish screen facility. If three diversion points cannot be consolidated, consolidation of two diversions would be evaluated. All diversions, whether or not consolidated, are targeted for screening. This project will provide benefits to anadromous fish identified in the CVPIA and to State and Federally listed fish species subject to impacts from unscreened or inadequately screened diversions;

#### **Amount Requested:**

No funding is requested from CALFED. An estimated total of \$600,000 is needed for Final Design and environmental documentation in FY2001. \$300,000 is requested from CVPIA (AFSP) and \$300,000 from California Department of Fish and Game's (CDFG) Prop. 204.

#### C. Project Description

#### 1. Statement of the Problem

#### a. **Problem:**

Fish are believed to be taken through entrainment at three unscreened diversion points owned by the Meridian Farms Water Company. Studies in the 1950's have shown that unscreened diversions cause a considerable amount of cumulative fish losses in the Central Valley (Hallock and Van Woert 1959). In addition, adult salmon and steelhead losses occurred from pump intakes without trash grids or screens (Hallock and Van Woert 1959). Recent surveys have documented that juvenile winter-run Chinook salmon, and other fish species, were entrained at RD1004 (Demko *et al.* 1995; Hanson 1996; Bemis 1997), a diversion upstream of the Meridian Farms Water Company, prior to a fish screen being installed. We believe that unscreened diversions in rearing areas and along migrating routes, which divert during periods of fish presence, take fish in quantities proportional to the size of their diversions. Because Meridian Farms Water Company's total diversion capacity is 190 cfs, fish losses will continue to occur unnecessarily at these diversions until they are consolidated and screened.

#### b. Conceptual model:

Juvenile anadromous fish of all species are vulnerable to direct and indirect mortality at unscreened or inadequately screened diversions in rearing areas and along migration routes. Screens designed and installed meeting appropriate regulatory criteria for mesh size, approach velocity, sweeping velocity, and when necessary, fish by-pass systems, will reduce mortality to near background levels.

#### C. **Hypothesis being tested:**

Construction of a positive barrier fish screen on the existing diversions or at a consolidated diversion, meeting the 0.33 feet/second approach velocity criteria currently in force for salmon and steelhead trout will substantially improve survival of juveniles of these two species in, or migrating through, the vicinity. In addition, entrainment and/or impingement of other species in the vicinity of the diversion(s) will also be reduced. This reduction in mortality is expected to contribute to the goal of the Central Valley Project Improvement Act to double the natural production (fish surviving to adulthood) of anadromous fish (salmon, steelhead trout, white sturgeon, green sturgeon, striped bass, and American shad).

#### d. Adaptive Management:

Fish screens are built to meet specific criteria found to be protective of juvenile salmonids and other species, as appropriate (e.g., Sacramento splittail). We will monitor performance of screens. Unless observations of divers indicate: a) fish screens are not meeting criteria; or b) screens are leaking or impinging fish, we will assume that the project is functioning as planned and contributing to the doubling goal. If screens are not meeting criteria or are leaking or impinging fish, remedial actions will be taken. If, at a later date, criteria are changed or become more stringent, we will consider upgrading the screens to meet the new criteria, but probably not until we have all major unscreened diversions screened.

#### 2. **Proposed Scope of Work**

#### a. Location and/or Geographic Boundaries of the Project:

The three unscreened diversion points are located in Sutter County in the Sacramento River (RM 125.8, 128.5, and 134.2) south of Sycamore Slough and north of Tisdale Weir. These diversions are within the Sacramento River Ecozone (Ecozone #3).

#### b. Approach:

Feasibility Study is examining approaches to consolidating all three diversions. If three diversions points cannot be consolidated, consolidating two diversions would be evaluated. All diversions; whether or not they are consolidated, will be targeted for screening.

#### c. **Monitoring**:

There will be post-construction evaluation and assessment testing to ensure that the screen meets criteria specifications under all river conditions. In addition, an operations and maintenance plan is required to be prepared and performed to ensure functioning of fish screens in protecting juvenile fish. Before fish screens are allowed to work on a routine basis, screen performance would be tested and screens would have to meet criteria. Screen performance evaluations may include testing mechanical and electrical systems, automatic cleaning systems, fish entrainment, juvenile fish bypass systems, and fish screen hydraulics.

#### d. **Data Handling and Storage:**

Grantee is required to submit monitoring reports to the Project Manager of the Anadromous Fish Screen Program and to the Interagency Ecological Program for review and storage.

### e. Expected Products/Outcomes:

A Feasibility Study is anticipated to be completed by September 30th, 2000. Depending on securing funding from Federal (AFSP) and State (Prop. 204), a final design study and environmental documentation could be completed in FY2001 and construction in FY2002.

#### f. Work Schedule:

Final Design would be dependent on acquiring cost-share funds from AFSP and Prop. 204. If funding can be acquired early in FY2001, Final Design and environmental documentation can be completed within the same fiscal year. Construction could begin late FY2001 or early FY2002 upon further funding.

#### g. Feasibility:

A feasibility study is in progress and is anticipated to be comuleted in Seutember 2000, and includes preliminary engineering and cost estimates. This feasibility study would evaluate alternatives for consolidating the three diversion points, as well as installation of a fish screen if consolidation is possible. If the three diversion points are not feasiblely consolidated, two would be evaluated. All consolidated and unconsolidated diversion points would be targeted for screening.

# D. Applicability to CALFED ERP Goals and Implementation Plan and CWIA Priorities.

The proposal meets CALFED's Ecosystem Restoration Program strategic goals of supporting the recovery of at-risk species, as well **as** commercially and recreationally harvestable fish species. Protection and recovery of at-risk species include all four runs of chinook salmon, steelhead trout, Sacramento splittail, green sturgeon, and white sturgeon. Installing positive barrier fish screens would reduce the cumulative impacts of juvenile fish entrainment that occurs along the Sacramento River watershed and the Bay-Delta. Increasing the number of juvenile fish provides benefits to the overall ecological health **of** the Bay-Delta and its tributary watersheds. Implementation of this proposal also would contribute to the doubling of anadromous fish populations in the Central Valley.

#### E. <u>Onalifications</u>

Meridian Farms Water Company is anticipated to continue it's contract with Montgomery Watson for final design and environmental documentation. Montgomery Watson is a consulting firm knowledgeable in local issues, regulatory criteria, and engineering designs.

#### F. Cost and Cost-Sharing

The feasibility study has been funded by Anadromous Fish Screen Program in FY 1999. A total of approximately \$600,000 is needed for final design phase in FY2001. \$300,000 is requested from CVPIA's AFSP and another \$300,000 from DFG's Prop. 204. Proposed cost-sharing partners include Department of Fish and Game's Prop. 204 funds, while AFSP would cover the Federal funds. No CALFED funds are being requested at this point.

#### G. Local Involvement

The feasibility study has been funded by the AFSP, which includes involvement with various resource and regulatory agencies. There are no anticipated third party impacts.

#### H. <u>Literature Cited</u>

- Bemis, B. J. 1997. Results of the 1996juvenile winter-run chinook salmon incidental take monitoring at Reclamation District 1004. Prepared for Reclamation District 1004. Hanson Environmental, Inc., February 1997.
- Demko, D. B., S. P. Cramer, and M. Simpson. 1995. 1994 Final Report Evaluation of an acoustical fish guidance systems at Reclamation District 1004. S.P. Cramer & Associates, Inc., March 1995.
- Hallock, R. J. and W. F. Van Woert. 1959. A survey of anadromous fish losses in irrigation diversions in the Sacramento and San Joaquin River. California Department of Fish and Game. Vol. 45(4), October 1959.
- Hanson, C. H. 1996. Guidance efficiency of an acoustic (low-frequency sound) barrier in reducing juvenile chinook salmon entrainment at the Reclamation District 1004 Princeton Slough Diversion: 1995 Field studies and evaluation. Prepared for Reclamation District 1004. Hanson Environmental, Inc. June 1996.

## **Environmental Compliance Checklist**

All applicants must fill out this Environmental Compliance checklist. Applications must contain answers to the following questions to be responsive and to be considered for funding. <u>Failure to answer these questions and include them with the application will result in the application being considered nonresponsive and not considered for funding.</u>

answer these questions and includ	e them with the application will result in the application being		
considered nonresponsive and no	considered for funding.		
<u> </u>	d in the proposal require compliance with either the ty Act (CEQA), the National Environmental Policy Act		
X			
X YES	NO		
2. If you answered yes to #1, ide compliance.	entify the lead governmental agency for CEQA/NEPA		
Department of Fish and Game (C. Lead Agency	EOA) and Bureau of Reclamation (NEPA)		
<b>3.</b> If you answered <b>no</b> to <b>#1,</b> expactions in the proposal.	olain why CEQA/NEPA compliance is not required for the		
<b>4.</b> If CEQA/NEPA compliance is required, describe how the project will comply with either or both of these laws. Describe where the project is in the compliance process and the expected date of completion.  A joint environmental document (i.e., Environmental Assessment/Initial Study) will be prepared to meet CEQA/NEPA compliance. If funding can be obtained from AFSP and Prop. 204, a final design and the environmental document can be completed in FY2001.			
5. Will the applicant require ac does not own to accomplish the	cess across public or private property that the applicant activities in the proposal?		
YES	X NO		

6. Please indicate what permits or other approvals may be required for the activities contained in your proposal. Check all boxes that apply.

LOCAL	
Conditional use permit	
Variance	
Subdivision Map Act approval	
Grading permit	<u>X</u>
Specific plan approval	<u>X</u>
Rezone	
Williamson Act Contract cancellation	
Other (please specify)	
None required	
<u>STATE</u>	
CESA Comaliance	$\underline{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{CDFG})$
Streambed alteration permit	<b>_X</b> (CDFG)
CWA (Sect <b>401</b> ) certification	X (RWQCB)
Coastal development permit	(Coastal Commission/BCDC)
Reclamation Board approval	<u>X</u>
Notification	(DPC, BCDC)
Other (please specify)	
None required	<del></del>
FEDERAL	
ESA Consultation	X (USFWS and NMFS)
Rivers and Harbors Act permit	$\mathbf{X}$ (ACOE)
CWA Sect <b>404</b> permit	$\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ (ACOE)
Other (please specify)	
None required	<del></del>

DPC = Delta Protection Commission

CWA = Clean Water Act

CESA = CA Endangered Species Act

USFWS = U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

ACOE = U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

BCDC = Bay Conservation and Development Comm.

ESA = Endangered Species Act

CDFG = CA Department of Fish and Game RWQCB = Regional Water Quality Control Board

NMFS = National Marine Fisheries Service

## Land'Use Checklist

All applicants must fill out this Land Use Checklist for their proposal. Applications must contain answers to the following questions to be responsive and to be considered for funding. *Failure to answer these questions and include them with the application will result in the application being considered nonresponsive and not considered for funding.* 

•	ching levees) or restrict	hanges to the land (i.e., grading, ons in land <b>use</b> (i.e., conservation			
X YES	$\frac{1}{N}$	0			
2. If <b>NO</b> to #1, explain what planning only).	at type ofactions are inv	olved in the proposal (i.e., research only,			
	may require diversion can	age or restriction under the proposal? als and other conveyance facilities to if necessary.			
<b>4.</b> If <b>YES</b> to <b>#1</b> , is the land					
YES	$\frac{1}{N}$	X 0			
5. If YES to #1, answer the Current land use Current zoning Current general plan de		Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural			
6. If YES to #1, is the land classified as Prime Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Unique Farmland on the Department of Conservation Important Farmland Maps?					
YES	X NO	DON'T KNOW			
7. If YES to #1, how many acres of land will be subject to physical change or land use restrictions under the proposal?					
, ,	perty currently being co	mmercially farmed or grazed?			
YES YES	Ī	NO .			